Name: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$
What is a RECIPROCAL?

1. What number multiplied by $\frac{1}{2}=1$ ? In other words, how many "halves" equal one whole? $\qquad$ Draw a diagram to justify your answer.
2. What number multiplied by $\frac{1}{5}=1$ ? In other words, how many "fifths" equal one whole? $\qquad$ Draw a diagram to justify your answer.
3. What number multiplied by $\frac{2}{3}=1$ ? How many $\frac{2}{3}$ portions are in 1 whole? $\qquad$


Use the diagram to interpret the answer.
Now write the mixed number as an improper fraction.
4. What number multiplied by $\frac{3}{8}=1$ ? How many $\frac{3}{8}$ portions are in 1 whole?
$\qquad$


0
$\frac{3}{8}$
Use the number line diagram to interpret the answer.
Now write the mixed number as an improper fraction. $\qquad$
5. What number multiplied by $\frac{7}{4}=1$ ? Use the number line diagram to interpret the answer.


How far along the number line is 1 in relation to $\frac{7}{4}$ ? $\qquad$
6. What do you notice about reciprocals?
7. What is the reciprocal of $\frac{8}{11}$ ?
8. What is the reciprocal of 35 ?
9. What is the reciprocal of $2 \frac{3}{5}$ ?
10. Give an example of two numbers (not in this packet) that are reciprocals:
11. Give an example of two numbers that are not reciprocals:

Rewrite the expression using reciprocals.

|  | Expression | Multiplication Equations Using Reciprocals | Solution |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $\frac{2}{8} \div \frac{5}{6}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Think: } \quad ? \bullet \frac{5}{6}=\frac{2}{8} \text { and } ? \bullet \frac{5}{6}=1 \\ ? \bullet-\frac{5}{6}=\frac{2}{8} \bullet- \\ ?=\frac{2}{8} \bullet- \end{gathered}$ |  |
| 2 | $\frac{2}{7} \div \frac{4}{7}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Think: } \quad ? \bullet \frac{4}{7}=\frac{2}{7} \text { and } ? \bullet \frac{4}{7}=1 \\ & ? \bullet-\bullet \frac{4}{7}=\frac{2}{7} \bullet- \\ & ?=\frac{2}{7} \bullet- \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 3 | $\frac{4}{5} \div \frac{3}{8}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Think: } \quad ? \bullet \frac{3}{8}=\frac{4}{5} \text { and } ? \bullet \frac{3}{8}=1 \\ ? \bullet-\frac{3}{8}=\frac{4}{5} \bullet- \\ ?=-\bullet- \end{gathered}$ |  |
| 4 | $\frac{3}{6} \div \frac{2}{5}$ | $\text { Think: } \begin{aligned} ? \bullet \frac{2}{5} & =\frac{3}{6} \text { and } ? \bullet \frac{2}{5}=1 \\ ? \bullet & \bullet \frac{2}{5}=\frac{3}{6} \bullet- \\ ? & =-\bullet- \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 5 | $\frac{3}{10} \div \frac{6}{9}$ | Think: $\quad ? \bullet \frac{5}{6}=\frac{2}{8}$ and $\quad ? \bullet \frac{5}{6}=1$ $? \bullet-\bullet-=-\bullet-$ $?=-\bullet-$ |  |

What do you notice about the last step in each problem?

## TEACHER NOTES

What is a RECIPROCAL? It is what you multiply a number by to get 1 .

1. What number multiplied by $\frac{1}{2}=1$ ? In other words, how many "halves" equal one whole? $\qquad$ 2 Draw a diagram to justify your answer.

| 1 | 2 |
| :--- | :--- |

2. What number multiplied by $\frac{1}{5}=1$ ? In other words, how many "fifths" equal one whole? $\qquad$ 5 $\qquad$ Draw a diagram to justify your answer.

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

3. What number $x \frac{2}{3}=1$ ?

How many $\frac{2}{3}$ portions are in 1 whole? $\qquad$ $1 \frac{1}{2}$


Use the diagram to interpret the answer.
Now write the mixed number as an improper fraction. $-\frac{3}{2}$
4. What number $x \frac{3}{8}=1$ ?

How many $\frac{3}{8}$ portions are in 1 whole?

$$
-2 \frac{2}{3}
$$


$0 \quad \frac{3}{8}$

Use the number line diagram to interpret the answer.
Now write the mixed number as an improper fraction. $\underline{-}_{3}^{8}$
5. What number $x \frac{7}{4}=1$ ?

Use the number line diagram to interpret the answer.


How far along the number line is 1
in relation to $\frac{7}{4}$ ? $-\frac{4}{7}$
6. What do you notice about reciprocals? The numerator of a fraction is the denominator of its reciprocal and the denominator of the number is the numerator of the reciprocal. It is what a multiply by to get 1 .
7. What is the reciprocal of $\frac{8}{11} ? \frac{11}{8}$
8. What is the reciprocal of 35 ? $\frac{1}{35}$
9. What is the reciprocal of $2 \frac{3}{5} ? \frac{5}{13}$
10. Give an example of two numbers (not in this packet) that are reciprocals: Answers will vary.
11. Give an example of two numbers that are not reciprocals: Answers will vary.

## TEACHER NOTES

Rewrite the expression using reciprocals.

|  | Expression | Multiplication Equations Using Reciprocals | Solution |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $\frac{2}{8} \div \frac{5}{6}$ | $\text { Think: } \begin{gathered} ? \bullet \frac{5}{6}=\frac{2}{8} \text { and } ? \bullet \frac{5}{6}=1 \\ ? \bullet \frac{6}{5} \bullet \frac{5}{6}=\frac{2}{8} \bullet \frac{6}{5} \\ ?=\frac{2}{8} \bullet \frac{6}{5} \end{gathered}$ | $\frac{12}{40}$ or $\frac{3}{10}$ |
| 2 | $\frac{2}{7} \div \frac{4}{7}$ | $\begin{array}{cc} \text { Think: } \quad ? \bullet \frac{4}{7}=\frac{2}{7} \text { and } ? \bullet \frac{4}{7}=1 \\ ? \bullet \frac{7}{4} \bullet \frac{4}{7}=\frac{2}{7} \bullet \frac{7}{4} \\ & ?=\frac{2}{7} \bullet \frac{7}{4} \end{array}$ | $\frac{14}{28}$ or $\frac{1}{2}$ |
| 3 | $\frac{4}{5} \div \frac{3}{8}$ | $\text { Think: } \begin{aligned} & ? \bullet \frac{3}{8}=\frac{4}{5} \text { and } \quad ? \bullet \frac{3}{8}=1 \\ & ? \bullet \frac{8}{3} \bullet \frac{3}{8}=\frac{4}{5} \bullet \frac{8}{3} \\ & ?=\frac{4}{5} \bullet \frac{8}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{32}{15} \text { or } 2 \frac{2}{15}$ |
| 4 | $\frac{3}{6} \div \frac{2}{5}$ | $\text { Think: } \begin{gathered} ? \bullet \frac{2}{5}=\frac{3}{6} \text { and } ? \bullet \frac{2}{5}=1 \\ ? \bullet \frac{5}{2} \bullet \frac{2}{5}=\frac{3}{6} \bullet \frac{5}{2} \\ ?=\frac{3}{6} \bullet \frac{5}{2} \end{gathered}$ | $\frac{15}{12} \text { or } \frac{5}{4} \text { or } 1 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| 5 | $\frac{3}{10} \div \frac{6}{9}$ | $\text { Think: } \begin{aligned} & ? \bullet \frac{6}{9}=\frac{3}{10} \text { and } ? \bullet \frac{6}{9}=1 \\ & ? \bullet \frac{9}{6} \bullet \frac{6}{9}=\frac{3}{10} \bullet \frac{9}{6} \\ & ?=\frac{3}{10} \bullet \frac{9}{6} \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{27}{60}$ or $\frac{9}{20}$ |

